



OUR MOTTO.—THE SAINTS' SINGULARITY—IS UNITY, LIBERTY, CHARITY.

Volume 3.—No. 11.

Nauvoo, Hancock County, Illinois, Wednesday, July 16, 1845.

Whole Number 167

THE NAUVOO NEIGHBOR

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

BY JOHN TAYLOR,

Editor and Proprietor.

At the corner of Main and Kimball Streets,

Nauvoo, Hancock County, Ill.

Terms.—\$5.00 annually in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For the square, one insertion, \$1

Every subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

Advertisements must be addressed to the Editor.

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For he was a scandalous glutton,

"To-morrow I'll kill my fat pig,

"For I'm sure he'll make magnificent motion;"

So then he goes into the hovel,

And he hangs the pig up by the heel,

Cut his throat all to date with a shovell,

Saying, "This is the way to dress veal!"

One day Paddy Mulligan swore

He had sent his mouth to a blister,

While at dinner the morning before—

"And what it was?" asked his sister.

Says Paddy, "Just try for to guess!"

"Och, I can't!"—then Bill told us, my

awful, O,

"Twas nothing at all more or less,

"Than a raw roasted frozen potato."

Sticks.

WHO IS MY NEIGHBOR?

Thy neighbor! It is he whom thou

Hast power to aid and bless;

Whose aching heart and burning brow

Thy soothing hand may ease.

Thy neighbor! 'Tis the fainting poor,

Whose eye with want is dim,

Whom hunger sends from door to door;

Go thou and succor him.

Thy neighbor! 'Tis the weary man,

Whose years are at the brim,

Best low with sickness, cares, and pain;

Go thou and comfort him.

Thy neighbor! 'Tis the heart bereft

Of every earthly gem;

Widow and orphan he's left;

Go thou and shelter them.

Thy neighbor! Younger tender slave,

Fatigued in thought and limb,

Whose thoughts are all beyond the grave;

Go thou and ransom him.

Whene'er thou meet'st a human form

Less favored than thine own,

Remember, 'tis thy neighbor worm,

Thy brother, or thy son.

O pass not, pass not, heedless by;

Perhaps thou canst redeem

The breaking heart from misery;

Go shake thy lot with him.

Agicultural

From the Southern Cultivator.

CORN STALK SUGAR.

With regard to the culture, it is stated that

corn should be planted as soon as the soil is

warm, and in rows four or five feet apart.

The stalks should be cut off at the base,

and the grain should be threshed out.

The stalks should be cut into small pieces,

and the juice should be pressed out.

The juice should be boiled in a large kettle,

and the sugar should be strained out.

The sugar should be dried in the sun,

and the stalks should be cut into small pieces.

The stalks should be cut into small pieces,

and the juice should be pressed out.

The juice should be boiled in a large kettle,

and the sugar should be strained out.

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The juice should be boiled in a large kettle,

and the sugar should be strained out.

The sugar should be dried in the sun,

and the stalks should be cut into small pieces.

The stalks should be cut into small pieces,

for I made good syrup, not boiling down

the two first boilings. Prepare your

self with a skimmer, a gourd with a long

handle, and a small tin. When it begins

to boil, and for a short time after, I leave

it skimming when you see the dark

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What then is the philosophy whose lessons

are found in the Bible and in the history?

It is that crime is always proportionate to

national subdivision, and that human

happiness is always proportionate to

the extent of human union. We start with

this position, cite all history to prove it,

and challenge refutation. What then is the

conclusion that must be reached by every far-seeing

and benevolent mind? That the American

Union should be deemed sacred; that every

American should regard its maintenance as

an American duty, a fundamental principle of

his household faith. Every American should

should feel that our country has a mission; that

in the proper use of the great moral

government, it was designed as a refuge, a

substitute for the subdivision, the crime

producing rivalries of the old world; that when the

Lord of Hosts, will that our country should be

independent. He designed that it should extend

over the whole continent, and thus serve as

an example to all other countries, of the

benefits of liberty and union, by the

fraternity of a multitude of states under one

legislation. He has given to this nation a

contingent for its inheritance, has spread that

contingent for its inheritance, has spread that

contingent for its inheritance, has spread that

contingent for its inheritance, has spread that

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contingent for its inheritance, has spread that

to repair thither, and to treat him with courteous attention.

Moreover, they having negotiated and settled all things proper, the said minister took the latter, and presented it for my inspection and your sincerity and friendship being of the highest degree real, and the thoughts and sentiments being with the utmost sincerity and truth kind, at the time of opening and perusing it, my pleasure and delight were exceedingly profound.

All and everything they had settled regarding the regulations of commerce, I, the Emperor, further examined, with the utmost scrutiny, and found they are all perspicuous, and entirely and perfectly judicious, and forever worthy of adherence.

To Kwang Chow, Hen Mun, Fan Chow, Ning-Po, and Shang Hai, it is like permitted the citizens of the United States to proceed, and according to the articles of the treaty, at their convenience to carry on commerce.

Now, bound by perpetual amity and concord, advantages will accrue to the citizens of both nations, which, I trust, must certainly cause the President also to be extremely well satisfied and delighted.

Tsao Kwang, 24th yr. 11th m. and 7th d. (16th Dec. A. D. 1844.)
Great seal of the empire in Chinese and Tartar.

[Signed of the imperial will.]
(Signed) PETER PARKER,
Late Chinese Secretary to the Legation.

* The five ports in the Chinese empire which the treaty opens to the commerce of the United States.

[COPY.]

Tai Ying, of the Imperial House, governing Kwang Tung and Kwang So, a director of the board of war, a viceroy of the empire, minister and commissioner extraordinary of the Tai Tung empire makes this communication, etc.

Whereas, on a former occasion, I, with the honorable Envoy, negotiated and settled a treaty of amity and commerce, and fortunately received the august Emperor's injunctions to the operative board, who have ratified the same, a due notice thereof has been given by me, the minister. This is on record.

I have now received the august Emperor's reply to the presidential letter of your honorable nation's august President, and, as behooveth me, I, the minister, appoint two high officers, (Hwang), the provincial treasurer, and (Chow), the commissary, to take it and deliver it to (Dr.) Parker, the officer whom your excellency deputed to receive and transmit it.

After your excellency shall have received it, I request you will, without delay, respectfully present it to the President, in order to manifest perpetual amity and concord; on this account, I make this communication, and take the opportunity of presenting my regards for your daily increasing happiness. As is requisite, I make this communication.

The foregoing communication is to Caleb Cushing, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to China.

Tsao Kwang, 24th year, 12th month, 16th day, (23d January, 1845.)
(Signed) PETER PARKER,
Late Chinese Secretary of the Legation.

AND-SO-FORTH-IANA.

We continue to collect a few of the many calamities with which Providence curses this nation, or, at least chasten it for suffering the blood of the innocent to cry from the ground to be avenged!

An Unprecedented Fire.—Near Lake Champlain, last week, destroyed some \$30,000 worth of property. It commenced in a bit of turf on the farm of Col. Barnes, at West Moria, New York, and while the men were at dinner, spread through the grass into the woods, and swept over an immense tract with great rapidity. On the road from East to West Moria it burned down two double sawmills, a dwelling house, a barn, 16,000 pieces of lumber and 3,000 logs belonging to Messrs. Barnes & Travis, whose loss is about \$1,000; and in a few hours after had traveled eight miles and swept away the saw mill, dwelling, and barn, with 6,000 pieces of lumber, and 200 logs of Hon. N. S. Storrs, whose loss is \$2,000. Thence it extended to the two miles dwelling and barn of John Ensign, whose loss is \$2,000, and swept away five other mills in West Moria and Scroon of which the value is not ascertained. The entire loss is estimated at over \$300,000. The swiftness with which the flames swept along over the country, gave rise to some exciting scenes.

Ten or twelve men were intensely engaged at Ensign's Upper Mill, and in a few moments the fire had passed them surrounding them on all sides, so they could not leave. Many had left them, and some of the ten would have been glad to leave, but being hemmed in, they fought like brave men, long and well, and though at times ready to sink from fatigue, the mill and lumber were finally saved. During the hottest of the fire, young Storrs and William Foster, left from what was called Ensign's lower mill, to cross the hills to the other mills belonging to Judge Storrs. They passed in safety, and with three other men, by dint of hard labor, saved the mills, being also providentially favored by a change of wind.

Losses carried by the smoke and wind, fell at Middlebury, Vermont, about twenty miles distant. Near the fire the wind blew a perfect hurricane, and the roaring of the fire was heard at a distance of several miles.

of the fire is said to have been heard at a distance of several miles.

Fire in Troy and Serious Accident.—About 3 o'clock this morning, says the Troy Budget of Saturday, a fire broke out in the rear and upper part of building No. 249 River street, occupied by E. Galusha, in connection with his cabinet warehouse, next door. When the front wall gave way, it carried down three men belonging to Franklin Hose Co., who were very seriously injured.

Mr. Myers, a saddler in the employ of J. B. Townsend, had his leg broke in several places, and was otherwise badly injured, but there are hopes of his recovery; Mr. Coss, a tailor, was dangerously injured, but hopes are entertained of his recovery; Mr. W. Reynolds, cabinet maker, badly injured. Several others were injured by the falling of the brick, balustrade, &c.

Fire in the Woods.—We learn from the North Adams Transcript that on the 9th inst. a fire was raging in the woods at the north of that place, in Vermont. It spread from a piece of fallow ground that had been intentionally burnt over, in the west part of Stamford, and consumed a tavern and some extensive saw-works at Seaburgh. Three barns, with some farm-stock, lumber and fire-wood were consumed in Stamford.

Disastrous Conflagration.—This morning the extensive Planing Works, on Fox Point street, owned and run by Mr. Nathan Mason, were discovered to be on fire, by the watchman, who states that the fire took near the boilers, occasioned, he supposes, by the friction of the judgcons of the second main drum. There were in the building, several planing machines, many carpenter's tools, and a large lot of planed boards. A large quantity of boards, near the building was also destroyed. The fire communicated to the rear of the Steam Boiler Manufactory of Messrs. Thurston, Greene and Co., which was, with its contents, destroyed. The front part, by the active exertions of the firemen, who almost outdid themselves, was saved, with much valuable machinery, which it contained. A barn occupied by Mr. S. Salisbury, was destroyed. A dwelling house, also occupied by Mr. Salisbury was much scorched and injured. The loss of Mr. Mason is estimated at \$20,000. Insured for \$5,000.

Messrs. Thurston, Greene & Co.'s loss is very heavy, being, at a rough estimate, \$40,000; it is probable, however, that the amount will exceed that sum. The loss mostly in their tools, machinery, and finished work. About \$1500 worth of the latter was to have been delivered to day. Much work in progress of completion was also destroyed.

Loss of twelve hundred lives.—The Falmouth Post confirms the 1200 lives being lost in New Grenada, by an avalanche of snow. Great damage was done to property.

Killed by lightning.—Rev. Bennet Hart, a Baptist clergyman, in McDonough, Chenango county, New York, was struck by lightning during a heavy storm, on Thursday evening the 18th ult., and instantly killed him. The lightning struck him directly on the head, tearing his hat in fragments, and passing down his body, forced its way out through his boots. He was from sixty-five to seventy-years of age.

The details of the famine now raging in part of Hungary, are truly horrible. Man and beast live on the same aliment, and lately a surgeon, who dissected the corpse of a young man who died from starvation, found a portion of hay still in his stomach.

Reveille.
Dreadful Catastrophe.—By the papers received by the Missouri, we learn that a most disastrous explosion took place in the port of New Orleans on the 1st inst. As the steamer Marqueth, for Louisville, was backing out to start on her trip, one of her boilers burst with a tremendous explosion, carrying upward the boiler deck, and several persons standing thereon.

Some 14 lives are known to have been lost, and many persons were taken to the hospital, wounded supposed mortally. The cause of the disaster remains a mystery.—*Organ.*
From the New York Tribune.
New Brunswick, June 27th, 1845.
Incendiary Fires.—The central part of our city was visited with a destructive fire last evening, commencing upon the premises of J. Hatfield, merchant destroying his large store house, containing some \$2,000 worth of produce—together with the entire stock of lumber in the spacious yard of Ross & Roll, and some outer buildings of J. C. Griggs. The fire is doubtless the work of an incendiary, as was that of Monday night, which destroyed the store house of W. Griggs, adjoining premises.

The conflagration, immediately after the outbreak, was truly awful. Hatfield's store house was known to contain three kegs of powder, and the fireman and citizens deemed it imprudent to make a vigorous attack until after the explosion. This most unfortunately soon took place without the loss of life. Our noble firemen now encountered the great enemy with their usual daring and self-possession. The whole area of the lumber yard, the store house and the outer build-

ings were surrounded, and most providentially the entire range of stores and houses were saved. The store of J. & D. Bishop, containing a large quantity of powder, created the most inxious solicitude. The powder was, however, safely conveyed down the basin by the schooner Robert Rancy, Capt. Campbell, who deserves great praise for his manly conduct. This is the third fire in a week, all commencing in outer buildings. Incendiaries are prowling amongst us; but from this time onward, the town will be well "manned," and the wretches that may be discovered.—Mr. Hatfield's loss is considerable, with a trifling insurance. Ross & Roll's about \$4,500; the insurance effected the day previous is \$3,000 in the New Brunswick office.

Yours,

Destructive Flood.—The Cherokee Advocate of the 26th ult. states that the late excessive rains have caused the streams in the nation to rise to an unusual height for this time of the year. The Arkansas, the Grand river and other streams, north of us, are booming. It is represented that the Grand river lacks but three or four feet of being as high as it was at the great flood last year, and that it has swept away the fences and destroyed entirely the rich fields of corn growing on its banks. The destruction of property, if such as reported, is very great, and has ruined the prospects for another year, of many, who, but a few days since, hoped soon to reap an abundant harvest.

THE NEIGHBOR.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1845.

Dinner to the Smith Family.—On Wednesday last, the 9th inst., the church, through Bishops Whitney and Miller, gave the Smith family a public dinner at the Mansion. The families and "remnants" were about as follows:

Lucy Smith, (widow of Joseph Smith, Sen.)
Mary Smith, (widow of Hyrum Smith,) John Smith, Jerusha Smith, Sarah Smith, Joseph P. Smith, Martha Ann Smith.
Loren Walker, Lovinia Walker.
Emma Smith, (widow of Joseph Smith,) Julia Smith, David Hyrum Smith.
Lavina Smith, (widow of Samuel H. Smith,) Samuel Smith.
William Smith, Mary Jane Smith, Mary Jane Smith, Caroline Louise Smith.
Agnes Smith, (widow of Don Carlos Smith,) Agnes Smith, Josephine Smith.
William McLeary, Sophronia McLeary, Maria Stoddard.
W. J. Salisbury, Catharine Salisbury.
Arthur Milliken, Lucy Milliken.
Aashel Smith, Betsey Smith, Elias Smith, Martha Smith.
Silas Smith, Elizabeth Smith.
Amos B. Fuller, Esther Fuller.
Mary Jane Gee, (widow.)
Moses Martin, Julia P. Martin.
Mary Smith, (widow of Silas Smith,) Silas Smith, Jesse Smith.
John Smith, Clarissa Smith, Caroline Smith.
George A. Smith, Bathsheba Smith.
John L. Smith, Augusta Smith.
A few of the children present, were not named.

At about 2 P. M. the families were seated at the table, and served by the "Twelve, the high priests, above named, and some other invited friends: Elder Young at one table, and Elder Kimball at the other, &c. "Mine host," (Mr. Pack,) from the abundance of the season, had done his part well, and every thing concerning the matter, was "first rate." Thanks were offered to our Father in heaven, by Elder William Smith.

After dinner, under the favor of the church, Elder Smith said he would propose the following sentiment in pure water.

"To the President and Bishops of this Church.
May their kindness be rewarded, may their power be increased, their purses never fail, their good will continue, their desires be accomplished, and their faith and knowledge increase, until they shall shine forth as sons in the firmament, and give light to other systems of their own creation."

In the name and in behalf of all my relatives here assembled, the whole Smith family, I present my thanks to the President and Bishops for the kind manifestation of their good feelings towards the remnants of that family."

It was drunk standing with great applause. At the next table Judge Phelps responded as follows:

"The church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and all the Smith family in it; and her spiritual authorities: perfect union; unceasing vigilance; increasing power, and eternal lives, in eternities now, and eternities then."

The band, which had been especially invited, delighted the guests with some charming melody; and *Master Kay* and others, with a few "spiritual songs,"—at once touching and sublime.
In the midst of "this brotherly love," Elder Smith proposed that the company arise and drink in pure water the following:

"The Ladies and the Music.—The charms of the former, and the harmony of the latter, give additional zest to our enjoyment:—May the society of the one; and the sound of the other, accompany us to the realms of eternal bliss, and add as much to our felicity there, as they do to our pleasures here: whereby they have rendered our beautiful place of rest as far famed for its exquisite music, as it already is for its great beauty."

Judge Phelps again responded in the following laconic:—*"Life, love, and liberty."* Several o'ers were sung, and the company were drunk, but were not furnished to us.

"Mother Smith" addressed her kindred and her audience in a feeling and pathetic manner. Several other addresses were made, and it

was worthy of remark, that at this "feast," where there was "wine," and every latitude given to the propensities for indulgence, there was no profane swearing; no abuse; and no one drunken: but upon the contrary they were all brethren and sisters, enjoying life, in the civil and polite custom of Saints, whose best men's blood now stains the robes of hypocritical freemen, in high places, and the government tremble, but we will serve the Lord, and let brotherly love consume.

About sundown the guests retired, to meditate upon the felicity of the "family feast."

The Contrast.—While the newspapers abroad, have been pouring out the distress, poverty and starvation of the Mormons at Nauvoo, God has been blessing the Saints, not only in the city of Nauvoo, but in her borders also, so that, for miles around the fields of wheat, corn, and other grain are smiling:—"a harvest of plenty awaits the people of God." And this is not all: while the Lord is giving the earth strength to "yield her increase," he is also warming the hearts and nerves the arms of the children of Israel, to finish Him a Temple worth two or three millions of dollars.

God and the people in union, can do wonders.

Chancellor Kent on Medicine.—Chancellor Kent, in a letter to Dr. Turner, returning thanks for a medical book sent him, says: "He is one of that class of persons who never have much faith in physic, and has rarely permitted himself to be subject to its discipline, and has always had great horror at the pernicious effusion practice of blood letting, and prefers cold water effusion, simple diet, temperance, exercise and cheerfulness to the whole materia medica. By this means, and with the blessing of providence, he has enjoyed uninterrupted health from early life to this day, and he will be 82 in July."

"We," (that is the Junior,) can bear witness to the correctness of the above, having practiced on the same principles for about fifty years. Bleeding is undoubtedly a life saving custom. How many thousands of children are sent back to the world of spirits, by "Death and the Doctors," yearly? Human beings, like vegetation, will grow themselves, only prepare the ground and keep away the *Farmacia*.

We were travelling in company with a gentleman in the western part of Missouri, some years since, and feeling a desire to inquire the way to "some house," distant a few miles, rode up to the door of a cabin, to interrogate the good lady on the subject. She appeared to be ignorant of the direction and distance. While we were talking, there came up a flock of children, and my friend observed, that he had never seen so many hearty children look so near alike, and of a size, and enquired how many families they belonged to. "They are all mine," replied the lady. "How many have you?" said he. "Eighteen," she answered quickly, "all as hearty as coons." We then asked her several questions, which she readily and unreservedly answered. Saying, "I am about thirty-six years of age, have been married near eighteen years; my oldest child is about seventeen, several of my children are twins; the one in my arms is about six weeks old. I have never lost a child; they all do well enough when we have plenty of corn bread and bacon." "But," said I, what do you do for a Doctor?" "O," says she, "we live so far off we never need one."

Now if all people, in towns and cities, would consider they were a little too far from the doctor, they would never need one.

The Mormons.—"A Springfield (Ill.) paper expresses considerable alarm at the recent movements of the Mormons, who are collecting arms and other munitions of war from all parts of the country where they have settlements, and depositing them in their holy city of Nauvoo, to which notable metropolis, the disciples themselves are gathering as fast as they can. It is not very likely that these creatures can ever muster strength enough to do any thing very alarming to the peace of the whole country, but they are likely enough to make mischief to their nearer neighbors, and we are ourselves of opinion that they will never rest quiet till they commit some overt act of outrage, formidable enough to earn for themselves a sound thrashing by military force—the only force, probably, that will ever have much effect upon them, for they seem to entertain very loose notions on every thing in the shape of merely civil and legal authority. The language which we have recently seen extracted from their newspaper organ at Nauvoo, manifests a very sturdy independence of all law but that of their own making; and an exceedingly remarkable absence of all proper knowledge of the objects which civil law professes to aim at. A band of ignorant and furious fanatics like these Mormons, ought to be well watched, and not be permitted to gather too dangerous a head in the very midst of a more rational and civilized society. We have no doubt that they have in some instances been misled by those who surround them, but making the best estimate that can be made of their character, they are a disgusting and a troublesome band of absurd fanatics, and we do not wonder at the feeling that is enlisted against them by their neighbors."

So discourses Webb, of the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, and "manifests a very sturdy independence of all law but that of his own making." The cowardly sneak run from Duff Green's mahogany stocked pistol, was shot in the calf of a leg in trying to murder a man in a duel, and then took the benefit of the Bankrupt act, and we do not wonder at the feeling that is enlisted against him by his neighbors. A poor crot he, having neither friends at home, nor in the "regular army." Va!

Another Murder.—For the lack of particulars in time, we did not mention the murder of Gen. Davenport, of Rock Island, last week. The account from one of our contemporaries, is: "Gen. George Davenport was murdered at his residence on Rock Island, on the fourth instant about 1 o'clock. Five persons entered the house during the absence of the family, and shot him through the thigh, mortally wounding him; and then dragged him through the

house until he told where his money was, which they took with his watch; they then tied him in an armed chair and decamped, with some \$800 in Missouri Bank paper. One of the persons, named Budd, was known to Gen. Davenport, and had been prowling about Rock Island with several others for four or five weeks. The Gen. lived until 9 o'clock on Friday night, when he expired, after having given full particulars of the robbery and murder.

One, or all of the murderers have been apprehended and conveyed to Davenport, for examination.

"This Gentle world, as they have it at the point," is becoming quite blood thirsty.

What's the News?—Wilson Shannon has returned from Mexico; there is an electrical telegraph now constructing, which will transmit news at the rate of 96,000 miles per hour; a dog imprisoned in a cellar in Broadway N. Y., lived two months without food; fossils remains in Ohio, are pretty strong symptoms that the sea was there once; there is an old map in China, made 1000 years before Christ was born; it is said that 84 men have iron enough in their blood to make 100 horse-shoes, weighing 50 lbs., in which case the Scotch giant and wife would shoe a "full team" all round.

Balloons and locomotives are all the *foes* in the east. If it were possible to steer the airy monster, all passengers and the mail would soon be conveyed by "space-rafts," now vulgarly called balloons. As to locomotives, the "John Little" of Philadelphia, ran 97 miles in 150 minutes, a few days since. Whew!

Rumors and realities are ever with us. It is said the Indians have been trying to unite at a grand council held recently near the Cherokees; there were Indians attending it from the other side of the Rocky Mountains: one tribe called the Niowas.

Paris speak for themselves. Every city seems to have as much as it can do with a charter and "police," to deal with rogues. Nauvoo goes ahead without such appendages to power, and leather heads wonder.

The Boston Post and a Missouri paper are bragging about having subscribers in several states. *Mirabile dictu!*—We send the Neighbor all over the United States, (which now includes Texas,) Canada, and Great Britain, Ireland, Scotland, the Isle of Man, and have periodic returns of feeling just as if we should send it to the Islands of the Sea. And, amid all the rattling of glasses; the clanging of steel pens; the spattering of goosequills, and the pot-boiling of pencils, aside from the nipping of scissors, we have to hold our nose occasionally at *Prædilecti* "diatribes of nonsense," and laugh at James Gordon Bennett's bean in a bladder to scare rats from the national buttery—but still, when either of them swells, puffs, or hies, here we are, a light that shineth in darkness and the darkness comprehendeth not. Poor coots, when the Almighty sweeps away the refuse of life, the place where such animals once were, may be found, but they will only be seen with candles.

The Big Letter.—There is much speculation about the big Chinese letter to the president of the United States. To compete with it, a friend has just shown us one of two big letters, which was sent from Westmoreland, Pa., to this city. The one we saw was a little more than eight feet four inches long, by twenty two inches wide, and handsomely written upon both sides, only on sheet. The other one is said to be nine feet long by three feet wide, which goes ahead of the fashions of the "East," and what is still better, they contain some Mormonism, and that, without translating, can be understood by millions in the "West."

* Messrs. Chambers & Knapp, have just published the "Revised Statutes and Form-Book" of Missouri. See advertisement on the fourth page.

The first sentence for crime, was pronounced by the Lord upon Cain, and it was *perpetual* wandering away from his friends. Cain thought his punishment was greater than he could bear, and that they would find him and slay him; but the Lord saved him from his tears by "marking." Criminals ought to be "marked now-a-days—instead of the cell or the gibbet.

Execution.—The Hodges were hung at Burlington, Iowa, yesterday afternoon, according to their sentence. We have not learned that either made any confession.

Custion.—Our correspondent S*** G***, of Pittsburgh, is informed that the reason why his communications do not appear, is, that we do not wish to "triumph over a fallen foe." We are as well aware of the fact, as he is, that old Plagiarism has cozened himself into a complete failure. His prophecy that "he walls of the Temple would never be reared in this generation, nor the roof go on," makes the old fellow smell a little too strong of *ausfidia*.

While the Lord has blessed every labor of the saints of Nauvoo, so that the city and vicinity look like the garden of Eden, the miserable old man, has had to rub his eyes over the smoking ruins of fire after fire, in Pittsburgh, and the slow, withering finger of scorn, pointing at him, seems to whisper: "the breath of God upon a transgressor, scorches his hopes"—*ad him die.*

Und r the Thumb.—The New York Mirror learns from good authority, that there is a house at the Five Points—that plague of the city—which is occupied by no less than sixty families. The proprietor is a woman who keeps a grocery and grocery in the basement, and makes a written condition, with all her miserable tenants, that they shall purchase their provisions exclusively of her."

How many other establishments in the city and State of New York, are in the same predicament? No chewing the cud, gentlemen, speak out and acknowledge that five-eighths of the people in the towns and cities of the Empire State, are bound down by poverty, or something else, to their landlords, and dare not set their feet free!

While slaves in the north and east, outnumber the black slaves of the south and west, about two to one. The millionaires, the upper ten thousand "patent land holders from the king," and the "privileged order of official scoundrels," devour the people, control the people, and are ten

times more worthy of the wrath of an offended God, than the *land-lords of the five points*. Who patronizes the "five points," and every other point of such human ruin, throughout the country, and the world? They that cloak their sins under sacerdotal robes; they that cover crimes with "ermine and lace."

Oh! generation of vipers, licking filth!

The case in the Hancock (Ill.) Circuit Court, against the alleged murderers of Hiram Smith, the brother of the Mormon prophet, was taken from the docket last week, the State failing to prosecute. The judge refused to appoint a prosecutor, inasmuch as the former prosecuting officer had been daily informed of the time when the trial was to commence. We suppose, therefore, that the murderers of the Smiths will escape all punishment.—*Ms. Reporter.*

The prophet is right. "The murderers of the Smiths will escape all punishment," except God's. The way this year is vexing this nation, there will be enough to balance the account, won't there Shad?

A word to the wise.—A very good way of living in peace in this world, is, to say but little, and mind your own business. In doing so, a Mormon runs up his tattling neighbors. Isn't that a new way of tangling the wicked in their talk?

Every age has its own talents.—We believe every age has its own talent and every nation has its own artists. We come to this conclusion from facts, which the following notice from the London Times, will justify:

Mr. Hiram Powers' "Greek Slave."—During the last ten days almost all the nobility and gentry who encourage the fine arts, and nearly all the artists in London, have been to the establishment of Messrs. Graves, the publishers, in Pall Mall, to see the statue of the "Greek Slave," by Mr. Hiram Powers, an American artist, who studied under Thorwaldsen, and who has for some time been resident at Florence, where he produced this work. The statue represents a Greek girl; the figure is entirely nude, and might have been called a Venus but for the chains by which the wrists are fettered. It is a work of a very high order of merit—indeed, in modern art, of the very highest order. The limbs are beautifully rounded, the contour perfect, and the altitude fine. There is a great delicacy and simplicity of manner. The face is very beautiful, full of character and expression. It is cut out of a remarkably fine block of marble. This is the first specimen of progress in the higher order of art produced by an American, and may be hailed as a promise of future excellence.

A fossil turtle, says the Boston Times, "eighteen feet long and seven feet high, has been discovered in the Himalaya hills."

The "old settlers" of the world before this, were full size. Perhaps they had a degenerated by crossing breeds.

"Mormonism"—which has been seen now and anon to flit athwart the political horizon from the birth of our freedom as a nation, is also at an end.

So says the St. Louis Organ, but if it meaneth that *Boggs' extermination*, near the end in Missouri only; and that *Mormonism*, like the sun, may have an end every twenty-four hours, and just as many BEGINNINGS, *ad infinium*.

Horrible.—"There are," says Noah's (N. Y.) Sunday Times, "two thousand boys in this city under no parental control, with no homes and no employment. These boys will grow up familiarized with all the crimes in the calendar, and will end their days at Sing Sing, or upon the gallows."

And he might add, "twice that number of girls in a worse state. If all the cities are as sprightly, every man's hand, according to the prophets, will soon be against his neighbor.

Wheat.—Michigan, from all accounts will secure more wheat by nearly one million of bushels, than she has ever done before; this, with Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa, in all of which the crop is good, will keep flour at a fair rate in the Great West. Just the sort for Emigrants.

Showers.—We had three fine showers on Sunday morning. They operated on vegetation, with a more enlivening effect, than three days' sun.

Rain.—We had a pleasant rain, which lasted from one till four A. M. on Tuesday. How the Lord favors the crops.

Miniature Hell.—A young lady, who kept her school under the Presbyterian church, Lafayette square, New Orleans, put a little boy, aged 7 years, in the coal hole for some misdeed, as a place of punishment. The lad fixed up a stagion of bricks, coals, and pieces of boards, to look out for light, at a broken panel of the door; when his head was fairly out, the stagion gave way, and *lung aim* is the door. The sects believe in punishment in hell and this is a *fact simile*.

Warm times.—Old Fahrenheit ranges in the shade between 96 and 93, every day. Excellent time for men to raise corn, and ladies fashions.

Three un(common) wisemen.—The editors of the Detroit Advertiser, the New York Courier and Enquirer and Louisville Journal, have found out the "still further fact," that fanaticism of all sorts, political, social, and religious, finds its natural affinities in Locofocoism, and flies to its embrace with the readiness of actual instinct; meaning, as an integral part, "Mormonism."—*Beethovenian*, duellists, delinquents, and defuncts: how the "blind staggerers" have wasted old for-
eralism, and barked the shine of gentleman a little the more for liquor. May God, who never errs, continue to reward them according to their works.—*Am cam ira; domus—bona.*

Bears Caught.—The Southern Shield, printed at Helena, Ark., has the following:—

"By a letter received from Mr. Lyman Webster of Coahoma county, Miss., he informs us that he has killed, with his dogs and gun from the first day of June, 1844, up to the first day of April, 1845, one hundred and six bears; one of which weighed 571 lbs. Mr. W. further states which he had but four dogs killed, and none wounded during the time. We refer our river friends to his advertisement in another portion of the paper, for the sale of bear's meat and skins."

The advertisement reads:

BEAR'S MEAT AND SKINS.

"I will keep a constant supply of bear's meat and skins for sale, on Island 67 and 68, at Judge Spratt's wharf, from the first day of October next, until the first day of April, 1846."

LYMAN WEBSTER.

Coahoma Co., Miss., June 28, 1845—11." The facts are, "never will bear skins before you catch them;" but there is nothing to forbid "advertising" bear's meat and skins, for sale before hand, among the gophers of Arkansas, &c.—merely a heave of the laws, as a croak would have it, a throw of the larret to angle on land.

GREAT NEWS FROM TEXAS.

As Punch says, the coast has decided that "the dog" belongs to Jim Fulk. We learn the following from the St. Louis papers:—

"Texas Annexation."—The steamer Missouri arrived last evening, in five days from New Orleans, bringing the important intelligence of the confirmation of Texas Annexation, by the Congress of that Republic. The news was brought by the cutter Woodbury, to the Baltic. Slips from the Galveston papers also were received, confirming the intelligence. It seems that the bill passed unanimously, and also an additional one, that the troops of the United States be allowed to occupy the territory immediately."

"Latter away the oak tick."—The legislature of Connecticut, says an exchange paper, has passed a law which imposes a fine of twenty dollars on any person who refuses to accept a military command to which he may be elected. As Paddy said, "da's of liberty in free dom"—and don't they say the beer for breaking the Sabbath! Well, the old proverb is, rapid rulers reach for thine."

Free postage.—List of Post offices within thirty miles of Nauvoo.

ILLINOIS.

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Every possible variety of color, texture, and material, and the greatest magnificence of embroidery and jeweled decoration consistent with propriety were brought to bear on the quaint and antiquated costume of that period, and the result was harmony and unity of effect perfectly surprising. The Queen and Prince Albert entered the ball-room at 10 o'clock. Her Majesty and the royal family having taken their usual stations at their platform, the dancing commenced with a polonaise, danced by the Queen and Prince Albert, the Duke and Duchess de Nemours, followed by their distinguished guests. The dance extended through all the state apartments, all hands striking up the same tune. After the dance the assembled company passed slowly before the Queen.

At twelve o'clock the Queen and her illustrious guests passed to supper, which was served as usual, in the great dining room, in a style of royal splendor.

SYRIA.

Five or six villages have been burnt in Syria, and three Catholic priests murdered. A fatal catastrophe took place a few days ago in the channel of Chesna. A Greek vessel returning from Jaffa with seventy or eighty passengers, Greek pilgrims from the Holy Land, was capsized during the night, and all hands perished except seven.

INDIA AND CHINA.

The extraordinary express, in anticipation of the Indian mail, arrived in London on Wednesday, with letters and papers from Bombay to the 1st May, and Calcutta 23d April.

The Rajah, Goolab Singh, who figured so conspicuously in the affairs of the Punjab, had surrendered himself into the hands of the Sirdar, Juwahir Singh; and unless the Rance, whose intrigues have had much influence over the Rajah's actions, succeeds in protecting him, her brother, the Sirdar, will assuredly put him to death.

In Seinde, all was quiet; and Sir C. Napier had arrived at Karachi. The British troops were assembling in considerable numbers on the banks of the Sutlej; but it was expected that a treaty would be proposed to the King of Lahore prior to a hostile attack on the Punjab. The Affghans are preparing to invade Peshawur, under Mahomed Akbar Khan.

The news from China is to the 8th of March, but is of little interest. Governor Davis, while on a visit at Macao, had been attacked by some Chinese footpads, who got him down, and were proceeding to strip him when they were scared away by the appearance of some Portuguese gentlemen of the place.

MARRIED.—In this county, on the 9th inst. by D. H. W. Esq., Mr. John Ricard and Miss Mary Fawkes.

Matrimony seems to be a pleasant region. Our widowers, old bachelors, and young men; widows, old maids, and maidens, all seem about to enter upon the happy land and seem but few to enjoy a life of "single blessedness."

Joy go with the happy pair. May mild climate, pleasant skies and balmy breezes attend them on their journey towards the climax of human enjoyment, and may a fountain of wisdom ever flow around their hearthstones, to crown domestic discord, brighten conjugal felicity, and cement the bands of peace, love and union.

Extra.—On the 8th day of July, Mr. Wm. WATERMAN PERKINS, and Miss LYDIA CAROLINE BAKER, joined in matrimony.

On the 11th, the Printers, at 101, with feelings saw fit to raise and made up a collection of carriages, and buggies, headed by the band, for a leader; and worked off a ton of honey moon light. It being an extra evening is not the impression was a fair introduction to a "family edition," with a "family edition" of diamond matter, as well as a "family edition" of a font of bold faced ruby, headed in small caps.

SEXTON'S WEEKLY REPORT.

July 7, 1845.

Wm Halm, 63y; dropsy.

John Blinberry, 48y; typhus fever.

Thaddeus Page, Melymichael, 21y 7m 2d; black cancer.

Rebecca Richey, 16y; lung fever.

April 16th.

Ephraim Ridge, 4m 26d; inflammation of brain.

Catharine A. Oaks, 9m 14d; black cancer.

July 14, 1845.

Bradford Blinberry, 13y 1m 5d; fever.

Ruth Green, 1y 4m; diarrhoea.

Abel Owen, 5y 8m 9d; white swelling.

Wm Joseph Young, 6m 8d; cholera infantum.

Sarah Klingensmith, 1y 3m 4d; teething.

David Fox, 2m 23d; canker.

Mary Luchlen, 2y 2m 3d; fever.

Emely M. Wardsworth, 1y 2m 12d; diarrhoea.

Wm. Parley Loveridge, 1y 2m 12d; diarrhoea.

W. D. HUNTINGTON, Sexton.

DIED on the 9th inst., after an illness of a few weeks, Mrs. JENNETA RICHARDS, wife of Dr. WILLARD RICHARDS, one of the Quorum of the Twelve.

This morning, July 16, Francis Henricks, son of Dr. W. A. & Mary Sanger, aged 6 months and 11 days.

CONSTITUTION OF THE PHONOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY OF "THE CITY OF JOSEPH."

ARTICLE 1. This association shall hereafter be called and known by the name of "the Phonographical Society of the City of Joseph."

ART. 2. The object of this Society, is, for the mutual improvement of its members, in the science and art of Phonography, and for the diffusion of its principles all over the world.

ART. 3. The officers of the society, shall be a president, treasurer and secretary, who shall be elected by ballot, and hold their office for one year, and until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified.

ART. 4. The annual meeting for the election of officers, shall be on the first Monday of July in every year.

ART. 5. The president, treasurer, and secretary, shall perform such duties as pertain to their respective offices in similar associations.

ART. 6. This society, shall meet from time to time, for instruction, and practice, as may be deemed proper by the president.

ART. 7. Any person approved by the president, may become a member of the society, on a vote being taken by the members, a majority being in his favor, signing his name to the constitution, and paying into the hands of the treasurer, the sum of fifty cents to defray incidental expenses.

ART. 8. Ladies may become honorary members, and be entitled to all the instructive privileges of the society, on application to the president.

ART. 9. If any one is desirous to go abroad, to teach others the science of phonography, he shall, if approved by the society, receive a diploma of qualifications, signed by the president, and countersigned by the secretary—and all teachers, recommended by this society, shall keep an account of his income from his instruction, and pay one tenth of said income to the society, for the furtherance of its objects.

ART. 10. The constitution may be altered or amended, by a vote of two thirds of the members present, at any regular meeting, by giving two weeks previous notice.

GEORGE D. WATT, Pres.
DANIEL MACKINTOSH, Sec.
JAMES WHITEHEAD, Treas'r.
July 15-11-1w

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING.

THE subscriber, or his agent, will present a subscription paper to his friends the Saints, and all others who feel willing to participate; as follows:—

We the undersigned, being desirous to sustain those that sustain and build up; feel that Brother John E. Page is in want of a comfortable dwelling house, and as he says he wants nothing extravagant or more than the ability of the saints can afford him at the present time. Therefore in order to enable him to build him a house 20 feet by 24, two stories high, we do hereby promise to furnish the amount of means attached to each of our respective names.

The house is designed to be built principally of brick with a good cellar, wood shed, and well. Therefore it will require rock for the well, rock lime and sand for the cellar, brick lime and sand for the building; together with the necessary lumber for the floors, doors, windows and roof.

The nails, glass, door hinges and trimmings will cost cash also points.

The materials are first necessary, and then the laborers to put it together.

If any subscribe provisions it will be appropriated to those laborers who are not circumstanced to board themselves while employed on the house.

Respectfully,

JOHN E. PAGE.

July 14-11-1w

FOR SALE.

A House and one third of a lot on Parley Street east of Main near Mr. Oakley's. The house is 20 feet by 30 two stories high. A good well of water on the premises. Terms low for CASH.

Enquire of E. T. Benson on Monson Street between Fulmer & Warsaw streets or of G. W. Potter near the Post Office.

BUTLER.

July 14, 1845-11-1f

CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

LOTS, belonging to the NAUVOO WATER POWER CO.—The cheapest and best in the city, are offered for sale on moderate terms as a purchaser can reasonably ask.

The lots are beautifully situated on the bank of the river, where the most business part of the city eventually will be.

For terms apply to the subscriber, or to Mr. EDWARD HUNTER Esq.

JOHN E. PAGE, President.

July 14-11-1f

LAW NOTICE.

BABBITT & EDMONDS,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

WOULD most respectfully inform the public, that they have associated themselves together in the practice of the profession, and will attend to any business intrusted to them in the state of Illinois, or in the Territory of Iowa. Mr. Babbitt will be found as usual at his office in the city of Nauvoo. Mr. Edmonds will be found at his office in the town of Keokuk, in Lee county, Iowa Territory.

July 14-11-1f

COOK & PETERSON,

DEALERS in Hides, Leather and Findings; No. 71, Main Street St. Louis.

July 9-10-6m

In the Hancock Circuit Court Illinois May Term A. D. 1845.

State of Illinois, Hancock County, ss.

Erastus Snow, vs.

Charles Beck.

NOTICE—Is hereby given to the said Charles Beck, that a writ of attachment has been issued out of the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of said county at the suit of Erastus Snow against the estate of you the said Charles Beck, for the sum of two hundred and twenty five dollars, returnable to the May term A. D. 1845, of said court; that the same is pending before said court, and has been returned by the sheriff of said county, levied on the following described property, to wit the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section No. 17, in township No. 7 north, range No. 7 west; also the south east quarter of the north east quarter of section No. 19, township No. 7 north, range No. 7 west; also one third of an acre being the north east corner of lot No. 1, block No. 13, in Wells' addition to Nauvoo, being eleven rods on the east side; also served on John Lamoreaux, Truman Barlow, Hiram Falk, & Ephraim S. Green as garnishees; that unless you the said Charles Beck, and the said garnishees aforesaid shall appear before the said Circuit Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court house in Carthage, on the third Monday in the month of May next, and plead, answer, or demur to the said plaintiff's action, in judgment will be rendered against you by default, and the premises so attached will be sold to satisfy the same with cost.

Witness, D. E. HEAD, clerk of [LS] Court said Circuit Court and the seal thereof at Carthage this 3d day of April, A. D. 1845.

D. E. HEAD, clerk.

A. W. BABBITT for Plaintiff.

April 5-40-1f

NOTICE.

Is hereby given, that the undersigned will apply to the County Commissioners Court at the next session, to be held in Carthage, for a licence to keep a ferry across the Mississippi river, between Nauvoo and Montrose, Iowa territory.

DANIEL CARN.

Nauvoo, July 16-11-1w

GRAND ZOOLOGICAL EXHIBITION.

The Proprietors respectfully announce that their Extensive Collection of LIVING WILD ANIMALS

will be exhibited at Nauvoo, on Monday the 21st of July.

This Establishment embraces the interest of the New York and Philadelphia Zoological Institutes, making it the LARGEST OF THE KIND NOW IN THE U. STATES.

The famous Dubois will appear with his trained animals in some of the most beautiful scenes, and among other interesting performances, will harness and drive a large

NUMIDIAN LION.

On the entrance into Nauvoo on the 21st, TWO LARGE ELEPHANTS

will be harnessed to the Band Car and precede the whole retinue of Horses, Wagons, &c., to the place of exhibition.

Doors open at 1 o'clock. P. M. Admission 30 cents—Children, ten years of age, half price.

July 9, 1845. 10-2w.

TINNERS ASSOCIATION.

THE undersigned having associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on the tin-plate and sheet-iron business in all its various branches, have taken the shop formerly occupied by Dustin Amy, corner of Young and Mulholland streets, where they are prepared to manufacture tin and sheet iron at wholesale or retail, as low as can be bought in St. Louis or elsewhere.

N. B. For the accommodation of persons living on the flat, we have deposited a quantity of tin ware at Messrs Oakley's store, where those in want can be accommodated at all times.

PHILIP B. LEWIS,

DUSTIN AMY,

JOHN MILLS.

Nauvoo, June 25, 1845-9f

SAMUEL MILES, Tailor,

WOULD inform the public that he carries on business at his shop, a few rods south of the Temple, near the New York Store, where he will do work at unusually low prices. Common summer coats cut and made for \$1.00

REVISED STATUTES FOR 1845

THIS work has been issued at the office and embraces all the laws of a general character passed by the last General Assembly, and directed to be published in the revised code published under the authority of the State, also all laws of a general nature which were not revised or repealed, and have been continued in force. These laws have been published under the authority of an act passed by the last General Assembly, a copy of which, with the certificate of the Secretary of State that the law has been complied with, is inserted, by which it is made evidence in courts, and given the same effect as the laws published by the State. In addition to the laws, this work contains notes of reference to decisions of the Supreme Court, and reference to alterations made from the former acts by the revised code.

There is also appended a full set of forms, embracing forms and instructions for writs, process, deeds, wills, notes, bonds, leases, indentures and nearly every instrument which is required in the practice of any officer, or the business of any person. The whole is accompanied by a complete and compendious index, much more full and perspicuous than that in the revised laws of 1835.

Agents will in a few days visit the various sections of the State, and will be prepared to supply the demand, either by wholesale or retail.

Price of a single copy, 83.
Publishers giving the above advertisement three weekly insertions, and noticing the work, will be entitled to a copy.

CHAMBERS & KNAPP.
St. Louis, July 7th 1845-11-3w

TO OLD COUNTRYMEN.
HARDEN & CO'S PASSENGER ARRANGEMENTS.

PERSONS in America, wishing to send to Europe for their friends, can procure a passage by any of the Packet ships to leave Liverpool on the 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, and 26th of every month, for New York, Boston, or New Orleans.

Also, those wishing to remit money to their friends in Europe, can purchase from our pound sterling upwards, all the particulars of which can be ascertained by enquiring of **JONATHAN C. WRIGHT, Agent,** Office at Water Street, Nauvoo, two doors above the old Printing Office.
Nauvoo, May 1845-1-1f

TO THE INHABITANTS OF NAUVOO AND VICINITY.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!
The subscribers, having recently opened a shop for the above business, would respectfully solicit of the inhabitants of Nauvoo and vicinity, a share of their patronage. They, for the present, design to confine themselves exclusively to the manufacturing of Ladies and Children's shoes, and having had long experience in said business, have as foundation in recommending their work as being as good as the best. They have on hand the best assortment of Morocco and Kid that has ever been in the city—prices moderate, and a reasonable deduction for cash. Their stand may be found corner of Parley and Warsaw streets, about one half mile east of the Mansion.

Also, an assortment of Leather, Calf skins, Goat skins, Lining &c., &c., for sale, on reasonable terms.

MEAD & RAGER.
Nauvoo, June 10th, 1845-3-3m

THE NAUVOO LEATHER, HARNES, BOOT, AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.

THE Association is now prepared to supply the citizens with Boots, Shoes, Saddles and Harness upon the shortest notice and the most reasonable prices. We invite a call from those who want to purchase such articles, because we will not be undersold by any shop in the city when the cash is procured.—The fact is we cannot be undersold because we manufacture our own leather and that of the best quality, and the workmen, both in the tannery and shoe shop, are the best in the western country, being principally from the Eastern and Southern cities and from Great Britain.

We will pay the highest price for hides in leather, boots, shoes, harness, and cash occasionally.

Remember the counsel to keep your hides in Nauvoo.

We will run hides on shares.

General depot, three blocks east of the Temple, Mulholland street.

SAUEL MULLINER, President.

ZENAB H. GURLEY, Superintendent of the Tannery.

July 1, 1845-9-1f

SEE HERE.

20 TON of hay, wanted immediately at the Nauvoo coach and carriage manufacturing association, for which good pay will be given.

Nauvoo, March 25-48-3m

A LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Nauvoo, Hancock County, Illinois, June 30th, 1845, which if not taken out on or before the 30th September next, will be sent to the Post Office Department as dead letters.

N. B. Any person calling for any of the following list of letters, will please say they are advertised or they may not get them.

A

Adams Henry 2 Ames Ira

Adams G J Anderson William

Alard John Appleton Henry

Allen Charles Ashton Isaac

Allen John Aspin Mary

Aldridge William Atwood Milton

B

Barlow I O Bliss Mrs Anna

Barker Thomas Boice Josiah

Barnes Lorenzo Booth Margaret

Bates Marcellus Boonwick Hiram

Bateman Marcellus Bragg Benjamin J

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

Bateman Marcellus Brannon Samuel

FARMERS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE.

HE undersigned will dispose of his farm for cash, or for a farm in Hancock county, Illinois, said farm lays four miles east of the county seat of Branch county, Michigan, one mile north of the Chicago turnpike, and contains eighty acres, about fifty under improvement, the balance good timbered land, with a good sugar bush on it.

PHYLANDER CORLESS.

April 14th, 501f

TWO farms one containing 180 acres, 70 acres improved, with a good frame house, and out houses; the other containing 120 acres, 50 acres improved, with a good block house, and out houses;—Also, 30 acres of timber, all situated about 30 miles east from St. Louis, 12 miles from Belleville, and 2 miles from Fayetteville, in St. Clair county, Illinois.

ALSO:

ONE farm containing 165 acres; 60 acres improved, with a good dwelling house and out houses, situated south west of Pinkneyville, Perry county, Illinois.

ALSO:

ONE farm situated 4 miles east of Pinkneyville, the county seat in Perry county, Illinois, containing 120 acres improved, with a good block house and out houses.

ALSO:

ONE farm containing 160 acres, 65 acres improved, with a frame house, and out houses, about thirteen miles from the county seat, Nashville, in Washington county, Illinois.

ALSO:

ONE farm containing 275 acres, 35 acres improved, 31-2 miles from the county seat, Marion, in Williamson county, Illinois, with a good house and out houses.

ALSO:

A PLANTATION in MISSISSIPPI, FOR sale or exchange, a plantation situated 50 miles from Vicksburg, Mississippi, in the county of Copiah, 7 miles south of Lines' store on the Jackson road, 9 miles from Gallatin, and 30 miles from Jackson, containing 1080 acres of land, with 90 acres of improvement, with a good dwelling house and out buildings; indisputable title given. For further particulars apply to George Black, or at this office.

ALSO:

A PLANTATION containing 400 acres, 80 acres improved, good dwelling house, good well at the door, with springs and brush near by—would also exchange horses, cattle, and hogs, situated 40 miles from Vicksburg, Hines county, Mississippi, and 4 miles from Lines' store. For further particulars apply at this office.

ALSO:

A FARM containing 140 acres of enclosed land, 50 acres under a high state of cultivation, and 90 acres of excellent timber of first rate quality, a good comfortable farm house, and good out buildings, together with a good pump of water at the door, and 50 grafted fruit trees, located on the road leading from Washington to Richmond, 5 miles from each place, and three and a half from the National road.

ALSO:

320 acres of wild land, located in Grant county, Indiana, on the Mississippi river.

EBENEZER CHEESMAN.

April 1, 1845-491f

ALSO:

A FARM containing 180 acres, with 50 acres under cultivation, well timbered and well watered, with an orchard of 50 bearing apple trees, together with many other fruit trees, such as cherries, peaches, pears, &c., situated in Perry township, Delaware county, Indiana, 15 miles from the head of White Water canal at Hagerstown, and 10 miles from Muncie, near a little town called Burlington; there are two log cabins and a stable upon the premises; the quality of the land is equal to any in the country. The subscriber proposes to exchange for land in Hancock county, Illinois, or to sell at a reduced price, for cash or other good property; a perfect title can be given. Any or all persons wishing to bargain in that way, can call on Dr. Coulston of La Harpe, Isaac Morley of Lima, or George Miller of Nauvoo, or at my residence in Delaware county, Indiana.

WM. N. ROWE

April 15-501f

NOTICE.

A LARGE edition of the "Voice of Warning" is now out and for sale at this office.

IOWA TWINS.

THE NAUVOO AND MONTROSE FERRY.

THE Subscriber having completed a good and substantial ferry boat for crossing the Mississippi river between Nauvoo and Montrose, will cross at all times with the least possible delay. He would therefore respectfully solicit the patronage of those who wish to cross at all times and with speed and safety. From the well known eligibility of the route for those crossing the Illinois river at Beardstown, Meredosia or Naples and going to the new purchase in Iowa will find it much to their advantage to cross at this point as it is well known as being the nearest route between the above named points and the roads far superior to those of any other route.

DANIEL C. DAVIS.

May 23d, 1844.

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DANIEL C. DAVIS.

May 23d, 1844.

WEEKLY PASSENGER STEAMER.

WAR EAGLE.

THE splendid, light draught, passenger steamer, War Eagle, D. S. Harris, master, will run weekly from St. Louis to Galena and Du Quoin the present season, leaving Nauvoo every Wednesday afternoon on her upward trip, and on her downward trip, she will leave Nauvoo every Saturday afternoon.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply on board or to **C ALLEN, Nauvoo.**

June 18, 1845-71f

MURDER!

\$200 Reward!

MURDERED on the eve of the 23d inst., about 10 o'clock, in the streets of Nauvoo, Irvine Hodges of Mechanicsville in this county. The above reward will be given by me for the apprehension of the murderers.

M. R. DEMING,

Shiff. Hancock Co.

Nauvoo, June 25, 1845-81f

NEW STORE AND LAND AGENCY.

THE subscribers have opened a store, on the premises of S. A. Knowlton, (Knowlton settlement, Hancock county,) where they have on hand a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Groceries, adapted to the wants of a farming community, which they offer for sale at very low prices for cash or produce.

Also about 100 q. sections of land, situated in this county which will be sold to those wishing to settle on favorable terms.

HEYWOOD & KIMBALL.

References.—B. Young, H. C. Kimball and Orson Hyde.

March 24-471f

COMMISSION STORE FOR HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE subscriber having opened a commission store on Mulholland street, about fifteen rods south east of the Temple, will receive and sell on commission, any article that can be made or manufactured in this city, comprising of Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Hats, Bonnets, Stockings, Socks, Gloves, Calf, net-wares, Chairs, Hoes, Pitch forks, &c., namely, anything that you can make or have on hand that will be useful in this vicinity, that you wish to sell; if you feel disposed to leave it with me I will sell it to the best advantage, for your benefit.

I will receive in exchange for the above articles, Pork, Beef, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Eggs, Wheat, Corn, Buck-wheat, Flax, Meal, Potatoes, Beans, Wool, Hides, and finally any thing that will make food or clothing.

Please give me a call as I will intend to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

ABEL LAMB.

Nauvoo, Feb. 20, 1845-431f

SOAP MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber having established a Soap Manufactory on Mulholland street, about two hundred rods east of the Temple, opposite R. Beech's Tavern, where he intends to manufacture hard and soft soap of the best quality, which he will sell much lower than has been the customary price in this city, wholesale and retail. To be had also at the Commission Store, about fifteen rods south-east of the Temple.

ABEL LAMB.

Nauvoo, Feb. 20, 1845-431f

NOTICE—THE subscribers from the east, would respectfully inform the citizens of Nauvoo, that they have taken a Shop on Main street, a few doors above the Nauvoo Mansion, where they are prepared to do all kinds of work in the millinery line.

A. E. GRAY.

N. B.—A. & E. G. have furnished themselves with a patent press machine by which they are enabled to press their straw bonnets in a manner that will give perfect satisfaction.

June 10th 1844-

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A FARM of 150 acres, situated two miles west of the flourishing town of Kalamazoo, Michigan, on the margin of the grand prairie, one of the most healthy portions of the state. Ninety acres of excellent timber, such as Maple, Beech, Ash, Black, Walnut, White Oak, &c., the balance prairie of the best quality. There is a good framed barn, 30 by 45 feet; a large framed house, well finished and painted outside, with a young orchard of fruit trees on the premises. The whole farm is well fenced and excellently watered, for stock and a well with a pump in both barn and kitchen.

The subscriber will sell the above farm on reasonable terms, or exchange it in part for a good stock farm, of prairie and timber in Hancock county; an indisputable title given. For further particulars enquire at this office, or of the subscriber on the premises.

SETH TAFT.

March 18-401f

EARTHENWARE EARTHENWARE!

J. GROCUTT would inform the citizens of Nauvoo, and vicinity, that he has commenced an Earthenware Manufactory, where he is now manufacturing Plates, Dishes, Bowls, Pitchers, Cups and Saucers, Milk-pans, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention, which will be ready for inspection and sale early in the spring, at his Manufactory in Rich Street, one block north of Parley Street.

Feb. 7, 1844.

no11-1f.

MEDICATED LOZENGES.

THESE celebrated Lozenges are now offered to the citizens of Nauvoo and the West, as the best preparation for the cure of the various diseases for which they are recommended ever offered to the public. The proprietor, Dr. Sherman, is a regular graduate of Medicine, a member of the Medical Society of the city and county of New York, and these Lozenges are prepared from medicinal prescriptions which have been approved by the most celebrated physicians in that city; in addition to which they are prepared in so pleasant a manner that children eat them with avidity and cry for more. They consist of

COUGH LOZENGES.

Which are the safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Whooping Cough, Asthma, &c., ever offered to the public. They operate by promoting expectoration, allaying the irritation of coughing, and removing the cause of the disease.

WORM LOZENGES.

The only infallible Worm medicine ever discovered. In over 400,000 cases they have never been known to fail. Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them, and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit, when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them.

CAMPOR LOZENGES.

For Nervous or Sick Head Ache, Palpitations of the Heart, lassitude and nervous affections generally. Persons traveling or attending large parties, will find the Lozenges really reviving, and imparting the buoyancy of youth—used after dispensation, they will restore the tone of the system generally, and remove all the unpleasant symptoms arising from too free living.

CATHARTIC LOZENGES.

The best Cathartic medicine for removing bile from the system and preventing attacks of the bilious and intermittent fever of this section of country.

FEVER AND AGUE LOZENGES.

These Lozenges have been tested by a celebrated physician in a practice of twenty years, and have never been known to fail in removing the distressing disease. In addition to which, if the directions be followed, the disease will not return.

A cure in all cases guaranteed or the money refunded.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.

This Plaster, of which over 1,000,000 are sold yearly, is believed to be the best Plaster for rheumatism, lumbago, pain in the back, side, breast or any other part of the body, ever prepared, and its price (only 12 1/2 cents,) brings it within the reach of every person in the community.

A large supply of these celebrated articles just received and for sale at this office.

NOTICE.

PERSONS wishing to get the Times and Seasons, or other books bound, can be accommodated at the Printing Office, on reasonable terms.

There can be obtained at this office, the first, second, third and fourth volumes of the Times and Seasons, also most of the old numbers, if subscribers should need any, to make their volumes complete.

NOTICE.—THE subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the public generally, that he still carries on the business of

BOOK BINDING,

In all its various branches; and having employed skillful and experienced workmen, he is prepared to do work as reasonable, expeditious, and to have it neatly executed, as at any other establishment in this State.

The following is a list of his

PRICES.

Quartos half Bound plain 1.50

do do do neat 2.00

do do do neat 2.00

do do do neat 2.50